





INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATIONS

An international organization (intergovernmental organization) is an organization established by a treaty or other instrument governed by international law, such as the United Nations, the World Health Organization and NATO.

International organizations are composed of primarily member states, but may also include other entities, such as other international organizations. Additionally, entities (including states) may hold observer status.



UNITED NATIONS

- The United Nations (UN) is an intergovernmental organization whose members in 195 counties aim to maintain international peace and security, develop friendly relations among nations, achieve international cooperation, and be a center for harmonizing the actions of nations.
- It is the world's largest, most familiar, most representative, and most powerful international organization
- Headquarters: New York



Idea of United Nations

 It is formed after collapse of league of nation whose primary role was to avoid the second world war.

 The idea of the United Nations began to be articulated in August 1941, when U.S. President Franklin D. Roosevelt and British Prime Minister Winston Churchill signed the Atlantic Charter, which proposed a set of principles for international collaboration in maintaining peace and security.

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Founding Members of United Nations

- The United Nations was established by the Charter of the United Nations and Statute of the International Court of Justice
- The Charter was signed on 26 June 1945 by the representatives of 50 countries; Poland signed on 15 October 1945.





FLAG OF UN

 A white UN emblem (a polar azimuthal equidistant projection world map surrounded by two olive branches) on a blue background



Aims of United Nations

- To keep peace throughout the world.
- To develop friendly relations between nations.
- To work together to help people live better lives, to eliminate poverty, disease and illiteracy in the world, to stop environmental destruction and to encourage respect for each other's rights.
- To be a center for helping nations achieve these aims.





Official Languages The current official and working languages of the United Nations

 Chinese English

Arabic

- French
- Russian
- Spanish





GENRAL ASSEMBLY

- The United Nations General Assembly is one of the six principal organs of the United Nations (UN), serving as the main deliberative, policymaking, and representative organ of the UN.
- HEADQUARTERS = New York, United States
- FOUNDED = 1945
- PRESIDENT = Volkan Bozker (2020)
- First Asian , First Indian , first women President = Vijayalakshmi Pandit

SECURITY COUNCIL

- STORY OF THE STORY
- The United Nations Security Council (UNSC) is one of the six principal organs of the United Nations (UN)
- It is charged with ensuring international peace and security, recommending the admission of new UN members to the General Assembly and approving any changes to the UN Charter.
- Its powers include establishing peacekeeping operations, enacting international sanctions, and authorizing military action.

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Permanent member

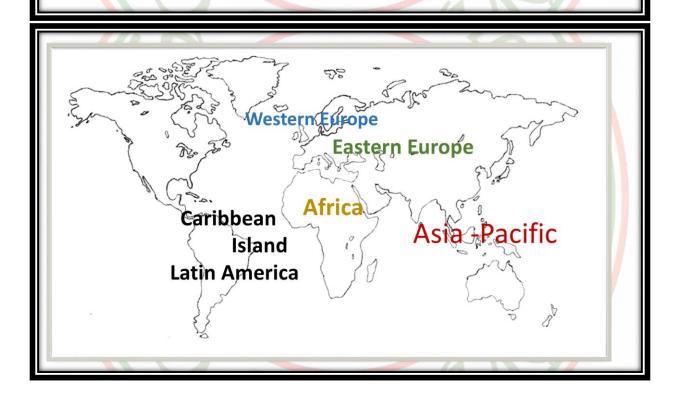
- There are 5 permanent members in Security council
- They are USA, Russia, China, France, UK.
- They all enjoy veto power.





Non Permanent members

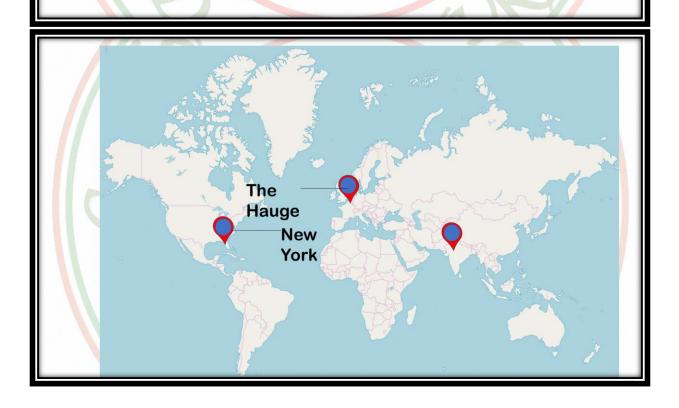
- Along with the five permanent members, the Security Council of the United Nations has temporary members that hold their seats on a rotating basis by geographic region.
- These ten non-permanent members are elected by the United Nations General Assembly for two-year terms
- India is a non permanent member of UN from 2020 till 2022





The International court of justice

- The International Court of Justice, sometimes known as the Work Court, is one of the six principal organs of the United Nations
- It settles disputes between states in accordance with international law and gives advisory opinions on international legal issues
- The ICJ is the only international court that adjudicates general disputes between countries, with its rulings and opinions serving as primary sources of international law.





Headquarters: The Hague, Netherlands

Judge term length: 9 years

Number of positions: 15

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The Economical and social council

 The United Nations Economic and Social Council is one of the six principal organs of the United Nations, responsible for coordinating the economic and social fields of the organization, specifically in regards to the fifteen specialized agencies, the eight functional commissions and the five regional commissions under its jurisdiction.

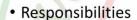
Abbreviation: ECOSOC

Formation: 26 June 1945

Legal status: Active

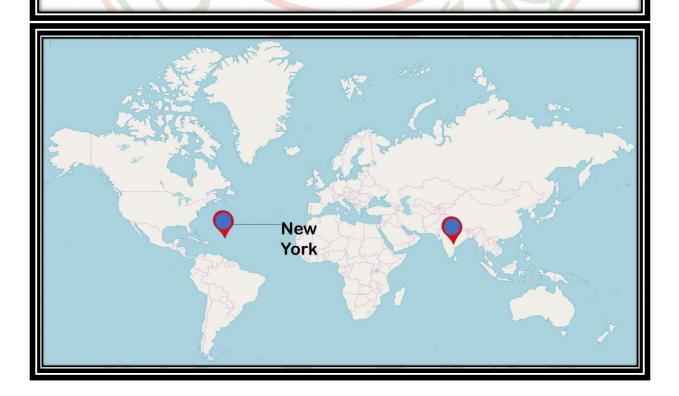
Headquarters: New York, United States







ECOSOC It is the central platform for fostering debate and innovative thinking, forging consensus and cooperation on ways forward and coordinating efforts to achieve internationally agreed goals. It is also responsible for the follow-up to major UN conferences and summits.





The Trusteeship Council

- The United Nations Trusteeship Council is one of the six principal organs of the United Nations, established to help ensure that trust territories were administered in the best interests of their inhabitants and of international peace and security.
- The trust territories—most of them former mandates of the League of Nations or territories taken from nations defeated at the end of World War II—have all now attained self-government or independence, either as separate nations or by joining neighbouring independent countries
- The last was Palau, formerly part of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, which became a member state of the United Nations in December 1994.

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Founded: 1945

Headquarters: New York city

Ceased operation: 1994

Parent organization: United Nations

Formation: 1945

Legal status: Inactive (As of 1994)





Secretariat



- The Secretariat is the United Nations' executive arm. The Secretariat
 has an important role in setting the agenda for the deliberative and
 decision-making bodies of the UN (the General Assembly, Economic
 and Social Council, and Security Council), and the implementation of
 the decision of these bodies.
- Formation: 1945
- Head: Secretary-General of the United Nations, 2017—present, António Guterres
- Legal status: Active Dream it, Believe it &

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SPECIALIZED ORGANS (UN)



 Along with principal organs there are various other specialized organs which are working on the field of health, culture, economy and other humanitarian fields.



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World Health Organisation (WHO)

- The World Health Organization is a specialized agency of the United Nations responsible for international public health
- Founded: 07 Apr 1948
- · Headquarters: Geneva, Switzerland









· Headquarters: Geneva, Switzerland

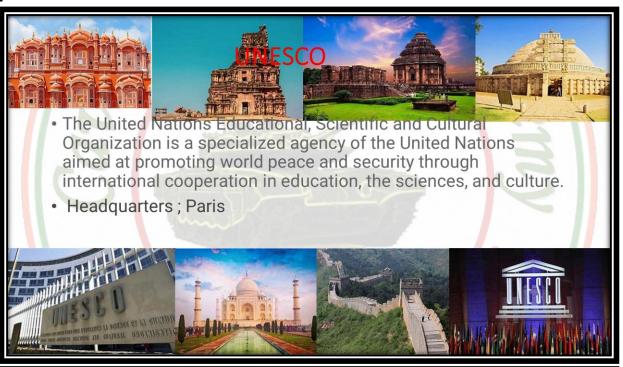










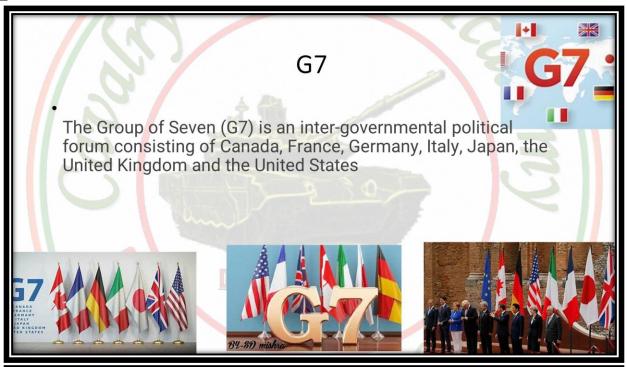






- The Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations is a specialized agency of the United Nations that leads international efforts to defeat hunger and improve nutrition and food security
- Headquarters : Rome Italy





South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC)



- Its member states are Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, the Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan and Sri Lanka.
- Headquarters: Kathmandu Nepal







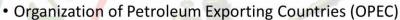
Commonwealth of Nations

- The Commonwealth of Nations, generally known simply as the Commonwealth, is a political association of 54 member states, almost all of which are former territories of the British Empire
- Headquarter: London(UK)
- · India is not part of it

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OPEC

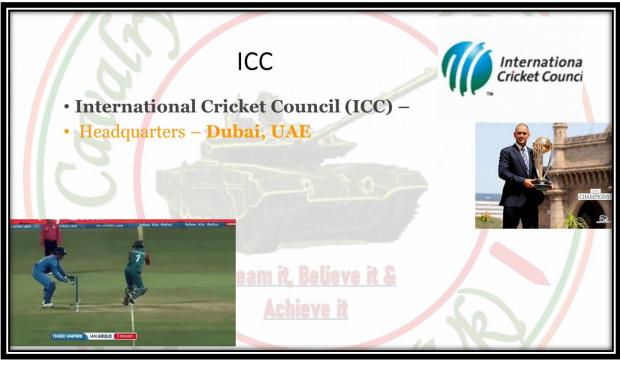




- Headquarters Vienna, Austria
- Founded on 1961-62
- The Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries is an intergovernmental organization or cartel of 13 countries.
 Founded on 14 September 1960 in Baghdad by the first five members (Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, and Venezuela)









FIFA

- The Fédération Internationale de Football Association (FIFA) –
- · Headquarters Zurich, Switzerland
- It is a non-profit organization that describes itself as an international governing body of association football, Futsal, and beach football. It is the highest governing body of association football.



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• World Wide Fund for Nature (WWF) –

- Headquarters Gland, Switzerland
- The World Wide Fund for Nature is an international nongovernmental organization founded in 1961 that works in the field of wilderness preservation and the reduction of human impact on the environment. It was formerly named the World Wildlife Fund, which remains its official name in Canada and the United States.





NATO

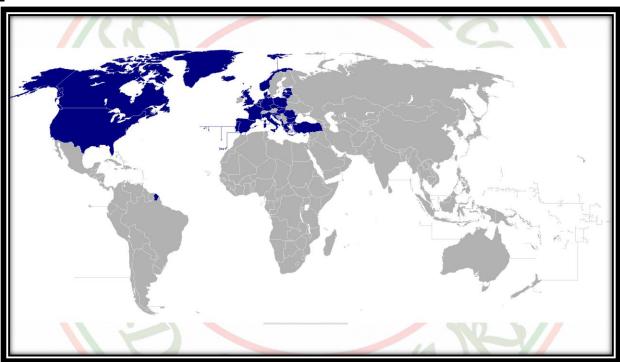
 The North Atlantic Treaty Organization, also called the North Atlantic Alliance, is an intergovernmental military alliance between 28 European countries and 2 North American countries

NATO Headquarters is the political and administrative center of the Alliance. It is located in Brussels, Belgium.









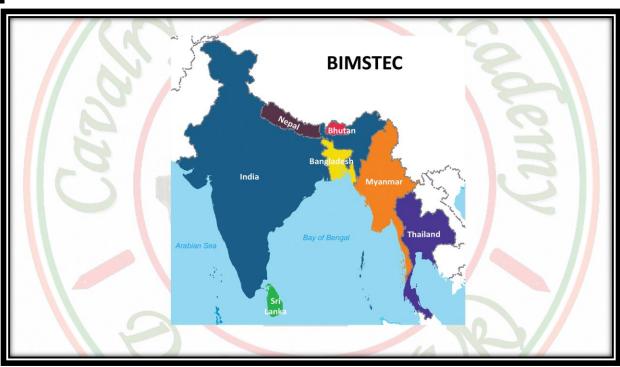


BIMSTEC Bay of Bengal Initiative for Multi-Sectoral Technical & Economic Cooperation Bangladesh Sri Lanka India

- BIMSTEC
- The Bay of Bengal Initiative for Multi-Sectoral Technical and Economic Cooperation is an international organization of seven South Asian and Southeast Asian nations.
- Headquartered at Dhaka in Bangladesh.
- NATIONS -----India, Bhutan, Bangladesh, Myanmar, Thailand, Nepal, Sri Lanka

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RED CROSS SOCIETY



 The Indian Red Cross Society (IRCS) is a voluntary humanitarian organization to protect human life and health based in India

• Formation: 1920

• Purpose: Medical & Humanitarian

• Headquarters: New Delhi, India





INTERPOL



- The International Criminal Police Organization, commonly known as Interpol, is an international organization that facilitates worldwide police cooperation and crime control.
- Headquartered in Lyon, France

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ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK

- The Asian Development Bank is a regional development bank established on 19 December 1966
- Headquartered in the Ortigas Center located in the city of Mandaluyong Philippines.
- The bank admits the members of the United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific and non-regional developed countries.



an Development Bank



AFRICAN UNION

- The bloc was founded on 26 May 2001 in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, and launched on 9 July 2002 in Durban, South Africa.
- Its HQ are in Addis Ababa.